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How I would educate my community about the risks of synthetic pesticides,

I would focus on spreading knowledge in simple, practical, and creative ways that reach everyone from farmers and families to students and local leaders. My main goal would be to help people understand why synthetic pesticides are harmful and how we can shift toward safer, natural alternatives.

Educating the Farmers

I would begin with the farmers because they are the main users of pesticides. Many of them use chemicals without realizing how harmful they are to their own health, the soil, and the environment. I would organize training sessions and village meetings to show them real examples of how pesticides affect water, air, and human health. I would also invite agricultural experts to demonstrate organic farming methods such as crop rotation, composting, and using natural repellents like neem oil or garlic-chili sprays. I would help them set up a few small organic plots in the community so they can see for themselves that natural methods can still give good harvests. By showing results instead of just giving advice, I believe farmers would be more open to change.

Educating Families

To make families aware, I would arrange community awareness programs and door-to-door campaigns. I would talk about how pesticide residues can stay on fruits and vegetables and cause health problems over time. I would share tips on how to wash food properly, where to buy organic produce, and how to grow small kitchen gardens at home using compost and natural sprays. I would also create simple posters and leaflets with messages like "Healthy food begins with healthy soil." Families play a huge role because their demand for safer food can encourage farmers to move away from chemical use.

Educating the Youth

For the youth, I would make the message fun and interactive. I would organize school and college events such as quiz competitions, debates, and video-making contests about pesticide-free living. I would help students form eco-clubs where they could create and maintain organic gardens on campus. Through social media campaigns, we could spread short videos or posts showing the dangers of pesticides and promoting the message "Grow Green, Live Clean." Young people are powerful messengers — once they understand, they can influence their families and friends too.

Educating Local Leaders

Local leaders have a strong influence in every community. I would arrange meetings with them to explain how excessive pesticide use harms not only farmers but also the whole area's soil, air, and water. I would encourage them to support policies that promote organic farming and help farmers get access to safer alternatives. If local leaders start spreading this message in community gatherings and mosque announcements, it would reach people much faster

Actions the Campus Grounds Office Could Take

If I were to work with my school or college, I would suggest that the campus grounds office make our campus a **pesticide-free zone.** They could stop using chemical fertilizers and start using compost made from leaves or food waste. The staff could be trained to use natural pest repellents like neem oil instead of harmful sprays. We could plant more native species and flowers that attract bees and butterflies. I would also place small signboards around the garden to explain that our campus is maintained using eco-friendly methods. This would inspire other schools to follow the same example.

Actions the Parks Could Take

In local parks, I would work with the management to stop spraying chemicals on lawns and flower beds. Instead, they could use organic compost and natural pest control. I would encourage them to plant trees and flowers that support pollinators and create small "biodiversity corners." To educate visitors, we could place posters and signs explaining how the park stays green without pesticides. Families visiting the park would learn by seeing — that clean, healthy spaces can exist without chemical use.

How the Community Can Get Involved

To make real change, the whole community needs to take part in small, practical ways. I would encourage people to stop using chemical sprays in their home gardens and switch to simple natural methods, like neem oil or compost. Neighbors could share composting tips or exchange seeds of pest-resistant plants. Community groups could organize short awareness meetings or demonstrations in local fields, showing how natural pest control works.

Shops and local markets could also be encouraged to sell safer, eco-friendly farming products so that people have better options available. I would try to get local schools and mosques to include short talks about the importance of protecting soil and food from chemicals. Even if every household makes one small change — like using organic fertilizer or buying less chemically treated vegetables — together it would have a big effect on the environment and public health.

Here are some safer alternatives:

For Weeds (Herbicides Alternatives)

- 1. **Boiling Water:** Highly effective for spot-treating weeds growing in pavement cracks, walkways, or areas where you don't want any vegetation.
- 2. **Vinegar Spray (Horticultural Grade):** A concentrated spray solution (often mixed with a bit of dish soap to help it adhere) that can burn back unwanted weeds. Best used as a targeted spot treatment.
- 3. **Mulch and Barriers:** Applying a thick, deep layer of **compost, wood chips, or shredded leaves** is the most effective way to suppress weed growth long-term. In new areas, layering cardboard or newspaper before mulching creates an even better barrier.
- 4. **Mechanical Removal: Hand-pulling or hoeing** is the most reliable method, especially when weeds are small. For large turf areas, specialized equipment like **aerators** and proper **mowing height** can choke out weeds.

For Insect Pests & Disease (Insecticide/Fungicide Alternatives)

- 1. **Beneficial Insects (Biological Control):** Introduce or encourage natural predators to manage pest populations.
 - o **Ladybugs:** Control aphids, scale, and mealybugs.
 - o Lacewings: Generalist predators effective against many soft-bodied pests.

- **Nematodes:** Microscopic worms used to control harmful soil-dwelling pests like grubs.
- 2. **Neem Oil:** A naturally derived oil that acts as both a fungicide (for mildew and rust) and an insecticide (disrupts the feeding and life cycle of pests).
- 3. **Insecticidal Soap Spray:** A non-toxic mixture of water and a mild liquid soap (such as castile soap) or a commercial insecticidal soap. It works by smothering soft-bodied pests like aphids, spider mites, and whiteflies.
- 4. **Horticultural Oil:** A refined oil applied to plants to smother insect eggs and dormant pests.
- 5. **Water Jet:** A simple, strong stream of water can physically dislodge pests like aphids and spider mites from plants, often solving the problem immediately.

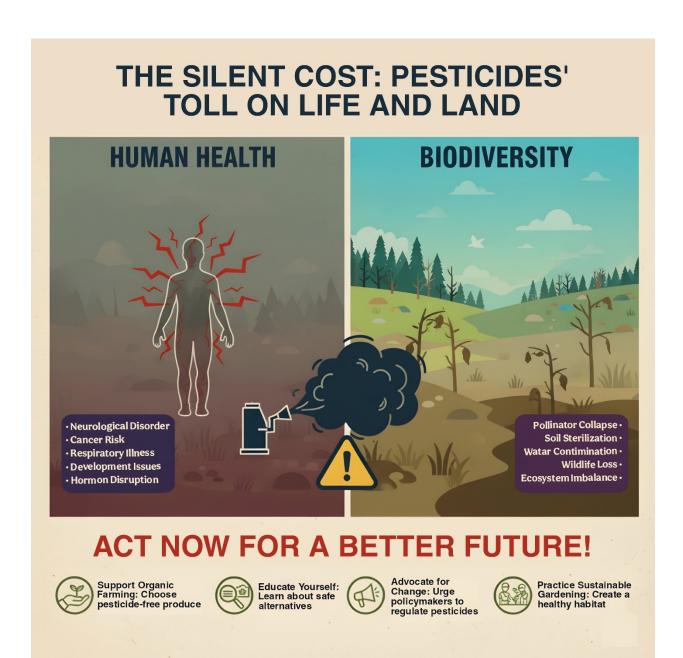
For Prevention (Building Resilience)

- 1. **Soil Health (Compost):** The foundation of organic land care. Amending soil with **compost** and applying **compost tea** (a liquid extract of beneficial microorganisms) ensures plants are strong, naturally resisting pests and diseases.
- 2. **Native Plantings:** Using **native or locally adapted plant species** that are naturally resilient to regional pests and diseases, requiring far less intervention than non-native ornamentals.
- 3. Cultural Practices: Simple changes like ensuring proper plant spacing (for airflow to prevent fungi) and using the correct mowing height (to strengthen grass roots) are the first line of defense.

Sources I used to find these alternatives:

- https://www.unep.org/resources/toolkits-manuals-and-guides/guidelines-alternativeshighly-hazardous-pesticides
- https://www.lincolnu.edu/files/publications/basics-of-organic-ipm-gs-18-f-2015.pdf
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N2v1-YhNTIO
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hXlSicZE9jI

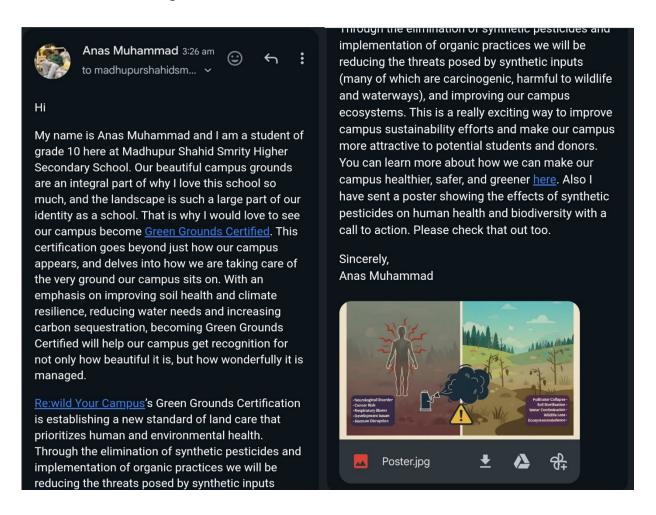
Here is my poster showing the effects of synthetic pesticides on human health and biodiversity with a call to action,



I shared my poster with my school administrator by using the sample letter to write an email and send it to the official Gmail of my school,

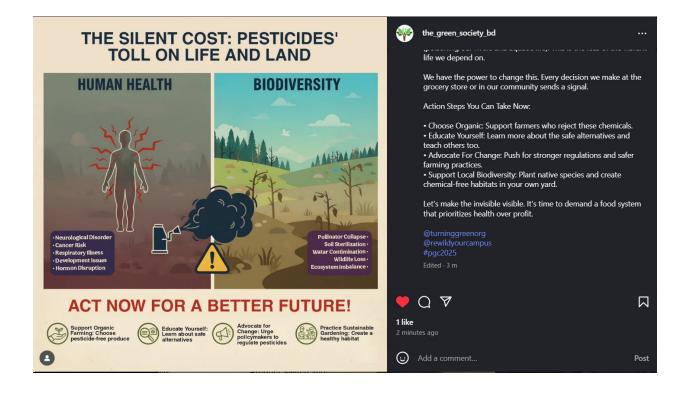
Here's a link to my schools' details, https://honoursadmission.com/details-school-college-information/Tangail/114460/Madhupur-Shahid-Smrity-Higher-Secondary-Schol

Here is a screenshot proof of the mail I sent,



Here is my poster posted on Instagram,

https://www.instagram.com/p/DP2B_T_kznm/?utm_source=ig_web_copy_link&ig sh=MzRIODBiNWFIZA==



I also posted it on a Facebook group called "Environment and Sustainability Professionals" which has more than 12k members, Here's a link and screenshot of the post,

https://www.facebook.com/share/p/1HHYSTBpsz/



I also posted it on a Facebook group called "ENVIRONMENT AND EARTH" which has more than 55k members, Here's a link and screenshot of the post,

https://www.facebook.com/groups/874192362662625/permalink/24929420213379837/?rdid=WmZzp6U5Hbvlxn9H#



I then created a X (Twitter) account just to post this,

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