

STAND FOR OUR EARTH



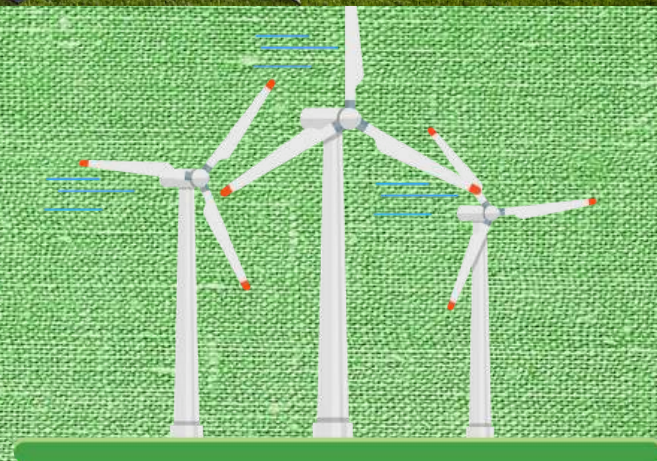
Our political goals

1. Implement renewable energy to the entire country

It is up to the government to prioritize the wellbeing of its citizens and the environment, instead of the production of money and large businesses

Through implementing renewable energy sources our country will enhance energy security by investing in domestic renewable energy sources, which are more reliable and stable, help reduce environmental degradation and combat climate change, help reduce health risks such as respiratory problems, offering a sustainable energy supply for current and future generations, and will lead to a improved quality of life.

Over 40% of energy-related carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions are due to the burning of fossil fuels for electricity generation.



2. Reduce the use of Non reusable plastic

Every year 350 million metric tones of plastic is thrown away.

This ends up in our oceans causing bio accumulation and habitat destruction, or in landfills releasing carbon dioxide into the atmosphere. It is up to the government to hold producers of harmful substances like plastics accountable, advocate for the production of more sustainable alternatives, and educate our citizens to be more conscious and mindful of the waste they throw away and the effects it has on the environment



3. Protect our waterways

Oceans contain more plastic than fish.

As a government we need to spread awareness of the impacts of single use plastic, but more importantly regulate the use of non reusable plastic. Moreover, create laws to control the use of fertilizers in order to reduce eutrophication and as a result create initiatives to find more organic ways to grow crops .

about 30%~40% of the lakes and reservoirs have been affected more or less by water eutrophication all over the world.



4. Implementsustainable farming laws

“The earth loses about 18.7 million acres of forests per year and the agricultural industry's demand for more land is a key driver.”

Through the use of monoculture, fertilizers, herbicides and pesticides, as well as intensive farming, we are degrading soil, rivers, forests, biodiversity, and our own health. As population grows we are finding a need for more effective ways of farming, but these methods are not the correct solution. We need to invest in scientific research, prioritize caring for the land we are farming in, and innovate agricultural techniques in order to make them more effective and sustainable.



The former German chancellor, Angela Merkel, has become a well-known figurehead in the international effort to combat climate change. Germany undertook the implementation of ambitious environmental regulations, leading to a large reduction in greenhouse gas emissions and a shift towards renewable energy sources. Merkel was a strong proponent of international cooperation on climate concerns and was instrumental in forming the Paris Agreement and the climate policy of the European Union. She is well-liked in environmental circles for her dedication to climate-conscious legislation and sustainable energy, even being nicknamed “Climate Chancellor”. Merkel's initiatives demonstrate the value of robust political will and international collaboration in the fight against climate change, motivating decision-makers and people everywhere to take significant action to safeguard the environment for coming generations.

