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DAILY TASK

Is this an issue that you are aware of at your school?

> Yes! have observed instances of food insecurity

Food insecurity is deeply intertwined with various social identities such as race, gender, sexual orientation, and socioeconomic status, revealing complex intersections that underscore broader issues of social justice. Here's a breakdown of these intersections:

1. Race:

Disparities: Racial minorities often face higher rates of food insecurity. Historical and systemic factors, including discriminatory policies and economic inequalities, contribute to these disparities.

Access to Resources: Limited access to quality education, employment opportunities, and healthcare can contribute to higher levels of poverty among certain racial groups, directly impacting food security.

2. Gender:

Single Mothers: Women, particularly single mothers, may face higher rates of food insecurity due to wage gaps, limited job opportunities, and the challenges of raising a family without sufficient support.

3. Sexual Orientation:

Discrimination: LGBTQ+ individuals may face discrimination, leading to higher rates of unemployment and homelessness, both of which are linked to food insecurity.

4. Socioeconomic Status:

Income Disparities: Individuals with lower socioeconomic status are more likely to experience food insecurity. Economic inequalities, lack of access to well-paying jobs, and inadequate social safety nets contribute to this vulnerability.

Intersectionality:

Compound Effects: Individuals often occupy multiple marginalized identities simultaneously, compounding the effects of discrimination and leading to higher levels of vulnerability.

Systemic Injustices: The intersectionality of these identities highlights systemic injustices embedded in societal structures, perpetuating cycles of poverty and food insecurity.

Food and Justice Intersection:

Structural Inequities: The intersection of food and justice reveals structural inequities where certain groups are systematically disadvantaged in accessing basic necessities.

Policy Implications: Addressing food insecurity requires not only immediate relief efforts but also addressing the root causes related to systemic discrimination and unequal distribution of resources.

Advocacy for Change: Advocacy for food justice involves challenging policies and practices that perpetuate these disparities, striving for a more equitable distribution of resources and opportunities.

Research an organization on university campus or in the community that is working to address food justice / insecurity. Tell us about this organization and how it supports students. What can you do as an individual to support that work? If there is no group at your school actively working to provide food access, try to find one at another school/university.

> BRAC (originally known as Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee)

About BRAC:



How BRAC, the world's biggest charity, made Bangladesh richer

Visit >

Figure 1Image

sourece:https://www.google.com/search?q=brac+bangladesh&sca_esv=576482781&rlz=1C1GCEA_enBD1031BD1031&tbm=isc h&sxsrf=AM9HkKkfcCXxkt5PNljkwv1MyrEn_cpA0A:1698235714776&source=lnms&sa=X&sqi=2&ved=2ahUKEwi4qpiElZGCAxWb zjgGHQEGA1sQ_AUoAXoECAlQAw&biw=1536

Overview: BRAC is one of the world's largest non-governmental development organizations, originally founded in Bangladesh. While its scope is broad and covers various development areas, it has extensive programs related to poverty alleviation, including initiatives addressing food security.

Mission: BRAC's mission is to empower people and communities in situations of poverty, illiteracy, disease, and social injustice.

Initiatives Addressing Food Security:

Agriculture and Food Security Program: BRAC's Agriculture and Food Security Program focuses on improving agricultural productivity, promoting sustainable farming practices, and ensuring food security for vulnerable communities.

How BRAC Supports Students:

Education Programs: While not directly focused on food, BRAC runs extensive education programs, including schools and educational support, which indirectly contributes to the well-being and future opportunities for students.

How You Can Support:

- 1. **Volunteer:** If BRAC or a similar organization has local volunteer programs, consider contributing your time and skills. This could involve working directly with communities or assisting in awareness campaigns.
- 2. **Donations:** Contribute to BRAC's initiatives or similar organizations through financial donations. This can support their ongoing efforts to address food insecurity.
- 3. **Advocacy:** Raise awareness about food justice and insecurity in your community. Advocate for policies that address the root causes of these issues.
- 4. **Skill-Based Support:** If you have specific skills (e.g., in agriculture, education, or community development), inquire about how you might contribute your expertise to relevant projects.
- 5. **Community Engagement:** Engage with your local community to organize events or activities that promote awareness about food security issues. Encourage discussions and actions to address these challenges.

Researching Local Organizations:

- 1.
- 2. **Online Searches:** Use search engines to look for NGOs or community organizations in Bangladesh specifically focused on food justice or insecurity.
- 3. **Social Media:** Check social media platforms for organizations' pages and groups. Many NGOs actively share their work and initiatives on platforms like Facebook and Twitter.
- 4. **Local News and Publications:** Explore local news sources and publications. They often feature stories about organizations making a positive impact in the community.
- 5. **Government and NGO Directories:** Explore government directories or NGO databases that list registered organizations and their focus areas

What are some viable solutions that address the issue with success? How can you apply and implement these solutions at your school?

1. Establish On-Campus Food Pantries:

- **♣ Solution:** Create on-campus food pantries to provide students with easy access to non-perishable food items.
- Implementation:

@ProjectGreenChallenge-day-24-Greenest

- ✓ Collaborate with local food banks or grocery stores for donations.
- ✓ Set up strategically located pantries for easy access.
- ✓ Involve student organizations or volunteers to manage and promote the pantry.

2. Community Partnerships:

Solution: Forge partnerships with local businesses, farms, or restaurants to provide discounted or donated food items.

4 Implementation:

- ✓ Reach out to local businesses and explain the initiative.
- ✓ Collaborate with farmers for fresh produce donations.
- ✓ Establish a system for regular food pickups or deliveries.

3. Advocate for SNAP Enrollment:

Solution: Raise awareness about and assist students in enrolling in government assistance programs like SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program).

4 Implementation:

- ✓ Host information sessions on campus about SNAP eligibility and application processes.
- ✓ Collaborate with local social service agencies for support.
- ✓ Provide guidance on navigating the application process.

4. Meal Swipe Donation Programs:

Solution: Implement programs where students can donate excess meal swipes to those in need.

4 Implementation:

- ✓ Collaborate with the university's dining services to establish the program.
- ✓ Create awareness campaigns to encourage participation.
- ✓ Ensure the process is user-friendly and transparent.

5. Education and Outreach:

Solution: Raise awareness about food insecurity, available resources, and budget-friendly nutritional options.

4 Implementation:

✓ Organize workshops or seminars on budgeting and meal planning.

- ✓ Distribute informational pamphlets about available resources.
- ✓ Engage with student clubs to amplify awareness efforts.

6. Financial Literacy Programs:

Solution: Provide financial literacy programs to empower students in managing their finances effectively.

4 Implementation:

- ✓ Collaborate with financial institutions or professionals for workshops.
- ✓ Include budgeting and resource management in orientation programs.
- ✓ Offer one-on-one counseling for students facing financial challenges.

7. Collaborate with Student Government:

♣ Solution: Work with student government to allocate funds for food assistance programs and advocate for policy changes.

4 Implementation:

- ✓ Present data and case studies to student government representatives.
- ✓ Encourage the inclusion of food security initiatives in the university budget.
- ✓ Advocate for policies that support students facing financial hardship.



• SOCIAL MEDIA POST

Food Insecurity

Addressing Campus Food Insecurity : A Call to Action

Low Quality Food





High Price of Food

Action Steps:

- Establish On-Campus Food Resources
- Raise Awareness
- Financial Literacy Programs
- Advocate for Policy Changes