

Global Welfare_We care

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Link of the post: shorturl.at/IKR59

[Day 24 GRASSROOT]

"Everywhere throughout Honduras, like in all of Latin America, Africa, Asia, women are at the forefront of the struggles for our rights, against racial discrimination, for the defense of our commons and our survival. We're at the front not only with our bodies but also with our force, our ideas, our proposals. We don't only birth children, but ideas and actions as well".

– Miriam Miranda, Honduran human rights and environmental activist

Key nutrients discovered in 43 different fruits and vegetables during the past 50 years have shown "reliable decreases," according to research published in the Journal of the American College of Nutrition. Another study revealed that eight oranges would be required to provide the same amount of vitamin A as just one did for our ancestors.

DEFEND OLD-GROWTH FORESTS

ABOUT FOREST, BIODIVERSITY, AND OUR FUTURE

5-10 YEAR
Loss 2000 species in B.C.

a resilient conservation economy for the future — an economy fueled by protecting, not destroying, these old forests.

Commitment
nature must come before industry. As such, they wrote, "conservation of ecosystem health and biodiversity of BC's forests [becomes] an overarching priority."

Uncounted forest emissions
"We need immediate steps to make sure that forests can help in the fight against climate change, and not make it worse."

Balance between Ecology and \$
The wood pellet industry, which experts estimate accounts for 10% of BC's wood consumption in whole trees less valuable as timber but valuable as standing forests and biodiversity havens, is contributing to the economic imbalance between forestry and conservation.

Intense pressure is now being put on the remaining trees by a forestry industry eager to capitalize on nations desperate for new "carbon neutral" sources of energy.

"When you have a species that is in a critical state ... the species cannot wait for us to decide what to do, and have it take us 20 years to figure out what to do."

Protect what's left of old-growth forests by immediately putting an end to their destruction.

SEEING RED: BC'S LAST PRIMARY FORESTS
The province-wide, full-color map illustrates the extent of deforestation in British Columbia as well as the smaller areas where primary and old-growth forests remain.

"If we don't keep those standing, Canada is not going to meet its carbon-reduction goals under the Paris Agreement."

As in Canada, we do have plenty of trees and forests in our neighborhood, but the biggest problem in British Columbia's old-growth forests is currently being chopped down at an alarming rate. They could disappear in 5 to 10 years if we don't act now. (MONGABAY,2021)

The woodlands of the province—home to several First Nations—are acknowledged across Canada and the rest of the globe as some of the most breathtaking on the planet.

With roughly half of all species in Canada being found here, British Columbia also has the most biodiversity of any province. But more than 2,000 species of these creatures and plants face extinction today. (The Narwhal, 2020)

John Horgan, premier of British Columbia, must honor his word and stop the logging of old-growth forests right now to safeguard what is left of them. The value of standing old-growth trees in BC is higher. One of the most effective and straightforward ways the province can combat climate change is to protect them. Many First Nations call these historic woodlands home, and they need to have the power to choose what happens there.

Local communities need assistance in developing a sustainable conservation economy that will be based on preserving old-growth forests rather than destroying them. Take a stance in support of old-growth forests because what happens in the forest has an impact on all of us.

11:35



Instagram



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View insights

Boost post



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